# **COURSES FOR MATHEMATICS**

## **Mathematics Courses**

MATH005 Introductory Algebra Hours 3

Brief review of arithmetic operations and basic algebraic concepts: factoring, operations with polynomials and rational expressions, linear equations and word problems, graphing linear equations, simplification of expressions involving radicals or negative exponents, and elementary work with quadratic equations. Grades are reported as pass/fail.

### MATH100 Intermediate Algebra

### Hours 3

Prerequisites: Placement and two units of college-preparatory mathematics; if a student has previously been placed in MATH 005, a grade of "C-" or higher in MATH 005 is required. Intermediate-level course including work on functions, graphs, linear equations and inequalities, quadratic equations, systems of equations, and operations with exponents and radicals. The solution of word problems is stressed. NOT APPLICABLE to UA Core Curriculum mathematics requirement. Grades are reported as A, B, C or NC (No Credit).

Prerequisite(s): UA Math Placement Test Score of 190-309 or ACT Math Subscore of 18 or old SAT Math Subscore of 440 or new SAT Math Subscore of 480 or MATH 005

## MATH110 Finite Mathematics MA

### Hours 3

This course is intended to give an overview of topics in finite mathematics with applications. This course covers mathematics of finance, logic, set theory, elementary probability and statistics. This course does not provide sufficient background for students who will need to take Precalculus Algebra or Calculus.

Prerequisite(s): UA Math Placement Test Score of 190-600 or ACT Math Subscore of 18 or old SAT Math Subscore of 440 or new SAT Math Subscore of 480 or a C- or higher in MATH 100

### Mathematics

MATH112 Precalculus Algebra MA

### Hours 3

A higher-level course emphasizing functions including polynomial functions, rational functions, and the exponential and logarithmic functions. Graphs of these functions are stressed. The course also includes work on equations, inequalities, systems of equations, the binomial theorem, and the complex and rational roots of polynomials. Applications are stressed. Grades are reported as A, B, C or NC (No Credit). Degree credit will not be granted for both MATH 115 and (MATH 112 or MATH 113).

Prerequisite(s): UA Math Placement Test Score of 310-439 or ACT Math Subscore of 24 or old SAT Math Subscore of 560 or new SAT Math Subscore of 580 or C- or higher in MATH 100

### Mathematics

# MATH113 Precalculus Trigonometry MA

### Hours 3

Continuation of MATH 112. The course includes study of trigonometric functions, inverse trigonometric functions, trigonometric identities and trigonometric equations. Complex numbers, De Moivre's Theorem, polar coordinates, vectors and other topics in algebra are also addressed, including conic sections, sequences and series. Grades are reported as A, B, C or NC (No Credit). Degree credit will not be granted for both MATH 115 and (MATH 112 or MATH 113).

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 112

Mathematics

### MATH115 Precalc Algebra & Trig MA

Hours 3

Properties and graphs of exponential, logarithmic, and trigonometric functions are emphasized. Also includes trigonometric identities, polynomial and rational functions, inequalities, systems of equations, vectors, and polar coordinates. Grades are reported as A, B, C, or NC (No credit). Degree credit will not be granted for both MATH 115 and (MATH 112 or MATH 113).

Prerequisite(s): UA Math Placement Test Score of 370-439 or ACT Math Subscore of 28 or old SAT Math Subscore of 630 or new SAT Math Subscore of 650

Mathematics

# MATH121 Calculus & Applications MA

### Hours 3

A brief overview of calculus primarily for students in the Culverhouse College of Commerce and Business Administration. This course does not provide sufficient background for students who will need higher levels of Calculus. Note: This course does not satisfy the requirement for MATH 125 or 126. Degree credit will not be granted for both MATH 121 and MATH 125 or MATH 145.

Prerequisite(s): UA Math Placement Test Score of 440-600 or ACT Math Subscore of 30 or old SAT Math Subscore of 680 or new SAT Math Subscore of 710 or a C- or higher in MATH 112 or MATH 115.

Mathematics

### MATH125 Calculus I MA

### Hours 4

This is the first of three courses in the basic calculus sequence. Topics include the limit of a function; the derivative of algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, and logarithmic functions; and the definite integral. Applications of the derivative are covered in detail, including approximations of error using differentials, maxima and minima problems, and curve sketching using calculus. There is also a brief review of selected precalculus topics at the beginning of the course. Degree credit will not be granted for both MATH 121 and MATH 125 or MATH 145.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 113 and C- or higher in MATH 112; or C- or higher in MATH 115

#### Mathematics

MATH126 Calculus II

MA

#### Hours 4

This is the second of three courses in the basic calculus sequence. Topics include vectors and the geometry of space, applications of integration, integration techniques, L'Hopital's Rule, improper integrals, parametric equations, polar coordinates, conic sections and infinite series.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 125 or C- or higher in MATH 145

Mathematics

### MATH145 Honors Calculus I

MA, UH

### Hours 4

This course covers the same material as MATH 125 but in a depth appropriate for honors students. It is the first course in the three part honors calculus sequence for students majoring in mathematics, science or engineering. Topics include limits, continuity, differentiation, applications of differentiation, and integration. Applications of the derivative are covered in detail, including approximation of errors using differentials, maxima and minima problems, curve sketching, optimization problems, and Newton's method. Topics on integration include Riemann sums, properties of definite integrals, integration by substitution and integrals involving logarithmic exponential and trigonometric functions.

Prerequisite(s): ACT Math Subscore of 32 or old SAT Math Subscore of 730 or new SAT Math Subscore of 760 or a B- or higher in (MATH 112 and MATH 113) or MATH 115

Mathematics, University Honors

### MATH146 Honors Calculus II MA, UH

#### Hours 4

This course covers the same material as MATH 126 but in a depth appropriate for honors students. It is the second course in the three part honors calculus sequence for students majoring in mathematics, science or engineering. Topics include vectors and the geometry of space, L'Hospital's Rule, applications of integration, integration techniques, improper integrals, infinite series, conic sections, plane curves, parametric equations, and polar coordinates.

Prerequisite(s): A grade of B- or higher in MATH 125 or MATH 145 or a score of 4 or 5 on AP Calculus AB or a score of 4 or 5 on AP Calculus BC: AB Subscore.

Mathematics, University Honors

### MATH208 Number And Operations

Hours 3

This course is the first of a three-course sequence designed to develop deeper understanding of elementary school mathematics content needed for teaching. The course topics include whole numbers and integers, fractions, ratio, percent, decimals and arithmetic operations within these systems. The goal of the course is to develop conceptual understanding (instead of just procedural understanding) of the number systems and operations by focusing on basic concepts and principles, exploring multiple representations and strategies, and illuminating connections among concepts and procedures. The content knowledge needed for teaching will be reinforced by engaging in inquiry-based activities, analyzing children's ways of thinking, focusing on explanation and communication of underlying mathematical principles when solving problems, and using appropriate manipulative and technology.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 100 or C- or higher in MATH 112 or C- or higher in MATH 113 or C- or higher in MATH 125 or ACT Math Subscore of 22 or new SAT Math Subscore of 540

#### MATH209 Geometry & Measurement

Hours 3

Properties of two- and three-dimensional shapes, rigid motion transformations, similarity, spatial reasoning, and the process and techniques of measurement. Class activities initiate investigations of underlying mathematical structure in the exploration of shape and space. Emphasis is on the explanation of the mathematical thought process. Technology specifically designed to facilitate geometric explorations is integrated throughout the course.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 208

### MATH210 Data Analysis for Elementary Teachers Hours 3

Data analysis, statistics, and probability, including collecting, displaying/ representing, exploring, and interpreting data, probability models, and applications. Focus is on statistics for problem-solving and decision making, rather than calculation. Class activities deepen the understanding of fundamental issues in learning to work with data. Technology specifically designed for data-driven investigations and statistical analysis related to elementary school teaching is integrated throughout the course.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 208

### MATH227 Calculus III MA

### Hours 4

This is the third of three courses in the basic calculus sequence. Topics include: vector functions and motion in space; functions of two or more variables and their partial derivatives; and applications of partial derivatives (including Lagrange multipliers), quadric surfaces, multiple integration (including Jacobian), line integrals, Green's Theorem, vector analysis, surface integrals and Stokes' Theorem.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 146 or C- or higher in MATH 126

### Mathematics

### MATH237 Introduction to Linear Algebra

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### Hours 3

Fundamentals of linear algebra and matrix theory are covered. Topics include vectors in Euclidean spaces, solving systems of linear equations, matrix algebra, inverses, determinants, eigenvalues, and eigenvectors. Also vector spaces and the basic notions of span, subspace, linear independence, basis, dimension, linear transformation, kernel and range are considered. Computing proficiency is required for a passing grade in this course.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 126 or C- or higher in MATH 146

**Computer Science** 

### MATH238 Appld Diff Equations I C, MA

### Hours 3

Introduction to analytic and numerical methods for solving differential equations. Topics include numerical methods and qualitative behavior of first order equations, analytic techniques for separable and linear equations, applications to population models and motion problems; techniques for solving higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients (including undetermined coefficients, reduction of order, and variation of parameters), applications to physical models; the Laplace transform (including intial value problems with discontinuous forcing functions). Use of mathematics software is an integral part of the course.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 126 or C- or higher in MATH 146

**Computer Science, Mathematics** 

### MATH247 Honors Calculus III MA. UH

### Hours 4

This course covers the same material as MATH 227 but in a depth appropriate for honors students. It is the third course in the three part honors calculus sequence for students majoring in mathematics, science or engineering. Topics include analytic geometry in space, vector-valued functions and motion in space, functions of two or more variables and their partial derivatives, applications of partial differentiation (including Lagrangian multipliers), quadric and cylindrical surfaces, and multiple integration (including Jacobian) and applications, line integrals, Green's Theorem, curl and divergence, surface integrals, and Stokes' Theorem.

Prerequisite(s): A grade of B- or higher in MATH 126 or MATH 146 or a score of 4 or 5 on AP Calculus BC exam.

Mathematics, University Honors

### MATH301 Discrete Mathematics

### Hours 3

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An introduction to mathematical logic and proof within the context of discrete structures. Topics include basic mathematical logic, elementary number theory, basic set theory, functions, and relations. Writing proficiency is required for a passing grade in this course. A student who does not write with the skill normally required of an upper-division student will not earn a passing grade, no matter how well the student performs in other areas of the course.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 125 or MATH 145

### Writing

### MATH343 Appl Diff Equations II Hours 3

Continuation of Appl Diff Equations I (Math 238) and is designed to equip students with further methods of solving differential equations. Topics include initial value problems with variable coefficients, metho

Topics include initial value problems with variable coefficients, methods of infinite series, two-point boundary value problems, wave and heat equations, Fourier series, Sturm-Liouville theory, phase plane analysis, and Liapunov's second method.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 238

### MATH355 Theory Of Probability

Hours 3

The foundations of the theory of probability, laws governing random phenomena and their practical applications in other fields. Topics include: probability spaces; properties of probability set functions; conditional probability; and an introduction to combinatorics, discrete random variables, expectation of discrete random variables, Chebyshev's Inequality, continuous variables and their distribution functions, and special densities.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 227 or C- or higher in MATH 247

## MATH371 Advanced Linear Algebra

Hours 3

Topics include inner product spaces, norms, self adjoint and normal operators, orthogonal and unitary operators, orthogonal projections and the spectral theorem, bilinear and quadratic forms, generalized eigenvectors, and Jordan canonical form.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in MATH 301

### MATH403 Algebraic Structures for Secondary Teachers Hours 3

Explore the interconnections between the algebraic, analytic, and geometric areas of mathematics with a focus on properties of various number systems, importance of functions, and the relationship of algebraic structures to solving analytic equations. This exploration will also include the development and sequential nature of each of these branches of mathematics and how it relates to the various levels within the algebra mathematics curriculum.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in MATH 301

### MATH404 Topics Math Secondary Teachers Hours 1

This is a seminar style course focusing on various mathematical topics related to the high school curriculum. Topics will vary depending upon instructor.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 301

### MATH405 Geometry for Secondary Teachers Hours 3

This course will give an overview of geometry from a modern point of view. Axiomatic, analytic, transformational, and algebraic approaches to geometry will be used. The relationship between Euclidean geometry, the geometry of complex numbers, and trigonometry will be emphasized.

### Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 403

### MATH409 Data Analysis for Secondary Teachers Hours 3

Concepts and techniques of posing questions and collecting, analyzing, and interpreting data. Topics include: univariate and bivariate statistics, probability, simulation, confidence intervals and hypothesis testing.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 125 and C- or higher in MATH 355

### MATH410 Numerical Linear Algebra

Hours 3

Further study of matrix theory, emphasizing computational aspects. Topics include direct solution of linear systems, analysis of errors in numerical methods for solving linear systems, least-squares problems, orthogonal and unitary transformations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, and singular value decomposition.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in (CS 100 or CS 110 or CS 322 or AEM 249 or MIS 221 or ECE 285 or RRS 101)

### MATH411 Numerical Analysis I

Hours 3

Credit will not be granted for both MATH 411 and MATH 300. An introduction to numerical methods. Topics include numerical methods for solving nonlinear equations; iterative methods for solving systems of equations; approximations and interpolations; numerical differentiation and integration; and numerical methods for solving initial value problems for ordinary differential equations.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in MATH 238 and C- or higher in (CS 100 or CS 110 or CS 322 or AEM 249 or MIS 221 or ECE 285 or RRS 101)

### MATH412 Numerical Analysis II Hours 3

This is the second course in the numerical analysis sequence for senior students in mathematics, science, or engineering. Topics include numerical methods for solving boundary value problems, ordinary differential equations, and partial differential equations, multistep methods for initial value problems, and approximation theory (leastsquares problems, fast Fourier Transforms).

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 343 and C- or higher in MATH 411

### MATH420 Linear Optimization Theory

Hours 3

This course is an introduction to theory of linear programming (focused on development of theory and algorithms with only a limited coverage of examples and applications), a basic component of optimization theory. Topics include: basic theory (fundamental theorem of LP, equivalence of basic feasible solutions and extreme points, duality and sensitivity results), simplex algorithm and its variations, and special applications to transportation and network problems. Non-simplex methods are also briefly introduced.

Prerequisite(s): (MATH 227 or MATH 247) and MATH 237 and (CS 100 or CS 110 or CS 322 or AEM 249 or ECE 285 or MIS 221 or RRS 101)

### MATH421 Non-Linear Optimization Theory Hours 3

This course is an introduction to nonlinear programming. Topics will include necessary and sufficient conditions for optimality, as well as basic theory and numerical algorithms for several traditional optimization methods, e.g., basic descent methods, conjugate direction methods, quasi-Newton methods, penalty and barrier methods, Lagrange multiplier methods. A brief introduction to selected modern topics may be added if time permits.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in (MATH 227 or MATH 247) and C- or higher in (CS 100 or CS 110 or CS 322 or AEM 249 or ECE 285 or MIS 221 or RRS 101)

### MATH422 Mathematics For Finance I

Hours 3

Topics include the basic no-arbitrage principle, binomial model, time value of money, money market, risky assets such as stocks, portfolio management, forward and future contracts, and interest rates.

Prerequisite(s): (MATH 227 or MATH 247) and MATH 355

## MATH441 Boundary Value Problems

Hours 3

Methods of solving the classical second-order linear partial differential equations: Laplace's equation, the heat equation, and the wave equation, together with appropriate boundary or initial conditions. Usually offered in the fall semester.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 343

### MATH451 Math Stats W/Applictn I

Hours 3

Introduction to mathematical statistics. Topics include bivariate and multivariate probability distributions, functions of random variables, sampling distributions and the central limit theorem, concepts and properties of point estimators, various methods of point estimation, interval estimation, tests of hypotheses and Neyman-Pearson lemma with some applications.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in MATH 355

### MATH452 Math Stats W/Applictn II

Hours 3

Further applications of the Neyman-Pearson Lemma, Likelihood Ratio tests, Chi-square test for goodness of fit, estimation and test of hypotheses for linear statistical models, analysis of variance, analysis of enumerative data, and some topics in nonparametric statistics.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 451

MATH457 Stochastic Processes I Hours 3

Introduction to the basic concepts and applications of stochastic processes. Markov chains, continuous-time Markov processes, Poisson and renewal processes, and Brownian motion. Applications of stochastic processes including queueing theory and probabilistic analysis of computational algorithms.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 355

### MATH460 Intro Differential Geom Hours 3

Introduction to basic classical notions in differential geometry: curvature, torsion, geodesic curves, geodesic parallelism, differential manifold, tangent space, vector field, Lie derivative, Lie algebra, Lie group, exponential map, and representation of a Lie group. Usually offered in the spring semester.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 486

### MATH465 Intro General Topology

Hours 3

Basic notions in topology that can be used in other disciplines in mathematics. Topics include topological spaces, open sets, basis for a topology, continuous functions, seperation axioms, compactness, connectedness, product spaces, quotient spaces.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 486

### MATH466 Intro Algebraic Topology Hours 3

Homotopy, fundamental groups, covering spaces, covering maps, and basic homology theory, including the Eilenberg Steenrod axioms.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 465

### MATH470 Prin Modern Algebra I

Hours 3

A first course in abstract algebra. Topics include groups, cyclic groups, non-abelian groups, Lagrange's theorem, subgroups, cosets, homomorphisms, isomorphisms, rings.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 301 and C- or higher in MATH 371

### MATH471 Prin Modern Algebra II

Hours 3

An introduction to ring theory. Topics include rings, polynomial rings, matrix rings, modules, fields and semi-simple rings. Usually offered in the fall semester.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 470

### MATH485 Intro Complex Variables

Hours 3

Some basic notions in complex analysis. Topics include analytic functions, complex integration, infinite series, contour integration, and conformal mappings.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 227 or C- or higher in MATH 247

### MATH486 Introduction to Real Analysis I

Hours 3

Rigorous development of the calculus of real variables. Topics include the topology of the real line, sequences and series, limits, limit suprema and infima, continuity, and differentiation.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 301

### MATH487 Introduction to Real Analysis II Hours 3

A continuation of Math 486. Topics include Riemann integration, sequences and series of functions, uniform convergence, power series, Taylor series. Optional topics may include the Reimann-Stieltjes integration, Weierstrass Approximation Theorem and the Arzela-Ascoli Theorem, metric spaces, multi-variable calculus.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 486

### MATH495 Seminar Directed Reading

Hours 1-3

Offered as needed.

#### MATH499 Undergraduate Research Experience Hours 1-3

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Independent or collaborative research experience in mathematics.

### MATH503 Algebraic Structures for Secondary Teachers Hours 3

Explore the interconnections between the algebraic, analytic, and gemetric areas of mathematics with a focus on properties of various number systems, importance of functions, and the relationship of algebraic structures to solving analytic equations. This exploration will also include the development and sequential nature of each of these branches of mathematics and how it relates to the various levels within the algebra mathematics curriculum.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 237 and C- or higher in MATH 301

### MATH504 Topics Mod Math Teachers

Hours 1-3

Diverse mathematical topics designed to enhance skills and broaden knowledge in mathematics for secondary mathematics teachers.

### MATH505 Geometry for Secondary Teachers

Hours 3

This course will give an overview of geometry from a modern point of view. Axiomatic, analytic, transformational, and algebraic approaches to geometry will be used. The relationship between Euclidean geometry, the geometry of complex numbers, and trigonometry will be emphasized.

Prerequisite(s): C- in MATH 403 or C- in MATH 503

### MATH508 Topics In Algebra

Hours 3

Content changes from semester to semester to meet the needs of students. Designed for graduate students not majoring in mathematics.

### MATH509 Data Analysis for Secondary Teachers

Hours 3

Concepts and techniques of posing questions and collecting, analyzing, and interpreting data. Topics include: univariate and bivariate statistics, probability, simulation, confidence intervals and hypothesis testing.

Prerequisite(s): C- or higher in MATH 125 and C- or higher in ST 260

### MATH510 Numerical Linear Algebra

Hours 3

Further study of matrix theory emphasizing computational aspects. Topics include direct solution of linear algebraic systems, analysis of errors in numerical methods for solutions of linear systems, linear leastsquares problems, orthogonal and unitary transformations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, and singular value decomposition.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 371 or MATH 572

### MATH511 Numerical Analysis I

Hours 3

Mathematical principles of numerical analysis and their application to the study of certain methods. Topics includes numerical methods for solving nonlinear equations; iterative methods for solving linear systems of equations; approximation and interpolation methods; numerical differentiation and integration techniques; and numerical methods for solving initial-value problems for ordinary differential equations.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 238, MATH 237 and (CS 100, CS 110, AEM 249, ECE 285, or RRS 101)

#### MATH512 Numerical Analysis II Hours 3

This is the second course in the numerical analysis sequence for graduate students in mathematics, science or engineering with an emphasis on numerical methods for solving boundary value problems, ordinary differential equations and partial differential equations, multistep methods for initial value problems, and approximation theory (leastsquares problems, fast Fourier Transforms).

Prerequisite(s): MATH 343 and MATH 511

### MATH520 Linear Optimization Theory Hours 3

This course is an introduction to theory of linear programming. Topics include: basic theory (fundamental theorem of LP, equivalence of basic feasible solutions and extreme points, duality and sensitivity results), simplex algorithm and its variations, and special applications to transportation and network problems. Non-simplex methods are also briefly introduced.

### MATH521 Non-Linear Optimization Theory Hours 3

This course is an introduction to nonlinear programming. Topics will include necessary and sufficient conditions for optimality, as well as basic theory and numerical algorithms for several traditional optimization methods, e.g., basic descent methods, conjugate direction methods, quasi-Newton methods, penalty and barrier methods, Lagrange multiplier methods. A brief introduction to selected modern topics may be added if time permits.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 237 or MATH 371

### MATH522 Mathematics For Finance I Hours 3

An introduction to financial engineering and mathematical model in finance. This course covers basic no-arbitrage principle, binomial model, time value of money, money market, risky assets such as stocks, portfolio management, forward and future contracts and interest rates.

MATH537 Applied Math Topics I Hours 3

This course is a survey of topics in applied mathematics.

Prerequisite(s): Permission of the department.

MATH538 Spec Top Appld Math II Hours 3

No description available

### MATH541 Boundary Value Problems Hours 3

Emphasis on boundary value problems for classical partial differential equations of physical sciences and engineering. Other topics include Fourier series, Fourier transforms, asymptotic analysis of integrals and boundary-value problems for ordinary differential equations.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 343 and MATH 486 or MATH 586.

### MATH551 Math Stats W/Applictn I

Hours 3

Introduction to mathematical statistics. Topics include bivariate and multivariate probability distributions, functions of random variables, sampling distributions and the central limit theorem, concepts and properties of point estimators, various methods of point estimation, interval estimation, tests of hypotheses and Neyman-Pearson lemma with some applications. Usually offered in the Fall semester.

### MATH552 Math Stats W/Applictn II

Hours 3

This course considers further applications of the Neyman-Pearson lemma, likelihood ratio tests, Chi-square test for goodness of fit, estimation and test of hypotheses for linear statistical models, analysis of variance, analysis of enumerative data, and some topics in nonparametric statistics. Note: Credit for this course will not be counted toward an advanced degree in mathematics.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 551

Prerequisite(s): MATH 237 or MATH 371.

### MATH554 Math Statistics I

Hours 3

Distributions of random variables, moments of random variables, probability distributions, joint distributions, and change of variable techniques.

### MATH555 Math Statistics II

Hours 3

Order statistics, asymptotic distributions, point estimation, interval estimation, and hypothesis testing.

### MATH557 Stochastic Processes I

Hours 3

Introduction to the basic concepts and applications of stochastic processes. Markov chains, continuous-time Markov processes, Poisson and renewal processes, and Brownian motion. Applications of stochastic processes including queueing theory and probabilistic analysis of computational algorithms.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 355

### MATH559 Stochastic Processes II Hours 3

Continuation of MATH 557. Advanced topics of stochastic processes including Martingales, Brownian motion and diffusion processes, advanced queueing theory, stochastic simulation, and probabilistic search algorithms such as simulated annealing.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 457 or MATH 557

### MATH560 Intro Differential Geom Hours 3

Introduction to basic classical notions in differential geometry: curvature, torsion, geodesic curves, geodesic parallelism, differential manifold, tangent space, vector field, Lie derivative, Lie algebra, Lie group, exponential map, and representation of a Lie group.

### Prerequisite(s): MATH 586 or equivalent

### MATH565 Intro General Topology

Hours 3

Basic notions in topology that can be used in other disciplines in mathematics. Topics include topological spaces, open sets, closed sets, basis for a topology, continuous functions, separation axioms, compactness, connectedness, product spaces, quotient spaces, and metric spaces.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 586 or equivalent

MATH566 Intro Algebraic Topology

Hours 3

Homotopy, fundamental groups, covering spaces, covering maps, and basic homology theory, including the Eilenberg Steenrod axioms.

### MATH570 Prin Modern Algebra I

Hours 3

Designed for graduate students who did not major in mathematics. A first course in abstract algebra. Topics include groups, permutations groups, Cayley's theorem, finite Abelian groups, isomorphism theorems and Lagrange's theorem. Usually offered in the spring semester. Credit for this course will not be counted toward an advanced degree in mathematics.

Prerequisite(s): (MATH 237 and MATH 301) or MATH 371 or MATH 572

### MATH571 Prin Modern Algebra II

Hours 3

An introduction to ring theory. Topics include rings, polynomial rings, matrix rings, modules, fields and semi-simple rings. Usually offered in the fall semester.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 570

### MATH572 Linear Algebra

Hours 3

Vector spaces; linear transformations and matrices; determinants; systems of linear equations and Gaussian elimination; eigenvalues, eigenvectors and diagonalization; generalized eigenvectors and Jordan decomposition; minimal polynomials, Cayley-Hamilton theorem; Inner product spaces.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 237

### MATH573 Abstract Algebra I

Hours 3

Fundamental aspects of group theory are covered. Topics include Sylow theorems, semi-direct products, free groups, composition series, nilpotent and solvable groups, and infinite groups.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 570

### MATH580 Real Analysis I

Hours 3

Topics covered include measure theory, Lebesgue integration, convergence theorems, Fubini's theorem, and LP spaces.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 587

### MATH583 Complex Analysis I Hours 3

The basic principles of complex variable theory are discussed. Topics include Cauchy-Riemann equations, Cauchy's integral formula, Goursat's theorem, the theory of residues, the maximum principle, and Schwarz's lemma.

### MATH585 Intro Complex Variables

Hours 3

Some basic notions in complex analysis. Topics include analytic functions, complex integration, infinite series, contour integration, and conformal mappings. Credit for this course will not be counted if it is taken after MATH 583.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 227 or MATH 247

#### MATH586 Introduction to Real Analysis I Hours 3

Rigorous development of the calculus of real variables. Topics include the topology of the real line, sequences and series, limits, limit suprema and infima, continuity, and differentiation.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 301

### MATH587 Introduction to Real Analysis II

Hours 3

A continuation of Math 586. Topics include Riemann integration, sequences and series of functions, uniform convergence, power series, Taylor series. Optional topics may include the Reimann-Stieltjes integration, Weierstrass Approximation Theorem and the Arzela-Ascoli Theorem, metric spaces, multi-variable calculus.

### Prerequisite(s): MATH 586

MATH588 Theory Diff Equations I Hours 3

Topics covered include existence and uniqueness of solutions, Picard theorem, homogenous linear equations, Floquet theory, properties of autonomous systems, Poincare-Bendixson theory, stability, and bifurcations.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 238 and MATH 586

### MATH591 Teaching College Math

Hours 3

Preparation for future mathematics faculty for the teaching component of a faculty position at community colleges, four-year colleges or universities, comprehensive universities, or research universities. Topics include active learning strategies and course development, including syllabi, textbook selection, and assessment strategies.

### MATH593 Collegiate Math Education Rsrc

Hours 3

This course is designed to enable students to understand and synthesize current research in college mathematics education involving subjects usually taught during the first two years of college. This will include a survey of a range of educational research models and will discuss qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods research design in mathematics education research.

### MATH598 Non-Thesis Research

Hours 1-3

Research not related to thesis.

MATH599 Thesis Research Hours 1-6

No description available

### MATH610 Iteratve Meth Linear Sys

Hours 3

Describes some of the best iterative techniques for solving large sparse linear systems.

### MATH611 Numerical Methods for Partial Differential Equations Hours 3

Finite difference methods for hyperbolic, parabolic, and elliptical partial differential equations; consistency, convergence, and order of accuracy of finite difference schemes; stability analysis and the Courant-Friedrichs-Lewy (CFL) condition; numerical dispersion and dissipation; finite difference schemes in higher dimensions; implicit methods and alternating direction implicit (ADI) schemes; a brief introduction to additional topics, such as spectral methods, pseudo-spectral methods, finite volume methods, and finite element methods, may be offered at the discretion of instructor.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 512 or equivalent, and ability to program in a highlevel programming language (MATLAB, C++, or FORTRAN).

### MATH642 Partial Differential Equations Hours 3

This is an introductory course in partial differential equations. It covers the theory, methods of solution as well as applications related to the three main equations of mathematical physics, namely the Laplace's equation, the heat equation and the wave equation. This course serves as the second part of the sequence for the qualifying exam in partial differential equations.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 238 and MATH 486 or permission of instructor

### MATH644 Singular Perturbations

Hours 3

This is an introductory course in perturbation methods. It covers both the theory and the methods of solution for a variety of equations ranging from algebraic, ordinary differential equations, to partial differential equations containing either small or large parameters.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 238, some familiarity with ODE's and PDE's or permission of the instructor

### MATH661 Algebraic Topology I

Hours 3

In-depth study of homotopy and homology. The theory of cohomology is also introduced as are characteristic classes.

### MATH674 Abstract Algebra II

Hours 3

Fundamental aspects of ring theory are covered. Topics include Artinian rings, Wedderburn's theorem, idempotents, polynomial rings, matrix rings, Noetherian rings, free and projective modules, and invariant basis number.

### MATH677 Topics Algebra I

Hours 3

Content decided by instructor. Recent topics covered include linear groups, representation theory, commutative algebra and algebraic geometry, algebraic K-theory, and theory of polycyclic groups.

### MATH681 Real Analysis II Hours 3

A continuation of Math 580. Topics covered include basic theory of LP spaces, convolutions, Hahn decomposition, the Radon-Nikodym theorem, Riesz representation theorem, and Banach space theory, including the Hahn-Banach theorem, the open mapping theorem, and the uniform boundedness principle.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 580

### MATH684 Complex Analysis II

Hours 3

We will cover various topics in Complex Analysis. Some possible topics include: Riemann mapping theorem, conformal mapping, normal families, Zalcman's lemma, Picard's theorem, Bloch's theorem, the monodromy theorem, elliptic functions, ultrahyperbolic metrics, harmonic measure, Hardy spaces, special functions.

### Prerequisite(s): MATH 583

MATH686 Functional Analysis I Hours 3

An introduction to functional analysis. Topics include Banach spaces, duality, weak and weak\* topologies, Banach-Alaoglu Theorem, Hilbert spaces, Riesz theorem, orthonormal bases, operator theory on Banach and Hilbert spaces, spectral theory, compact operators.

Prerequisite(s): MATH 681 and (MATH 583 or MATH 585)

#### MATH688 Seminar: Topics in Analysis Hours 3

Hours 3

Advanced course in real analysis. Topics may include harmonic analysis (the Fourier transform, Hardy-Littlewood maximal operator, interpolation, singular integral operators, BMO and Hardy spaces, weighted norm inequalities) or analysis and PDEs (Sobolev spaces, weak solutions to PDEs, Lax-Milgram theory, the Fredholm alternative, existence and regularity for elliptic and parabolic equations).

Prerequisite(s): MATH 681

### MATH698 Non-Dissertation Research

Hours 3-9

This course will examine a topic not included in the student's dissertation.

### MATH699 Dissertation Research

Hours 1-12

No description available